SAFETY DATA SHEET

MOTOR MEDIC® HEAVY DUTY ENGINE DEGREASER AEROSOL

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name	:	MM ENGINE DEG AERO 12/15OZ
Product code	:	MEDG15

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier	:	Niteo Products, LLC
Address	:	Dallas TX 75225
Email Address	:	EHS@niteoproducts.com
Telephone	:	1-844-696-4836
Emergency telephone number	:	1-800-424-9300 / 1-703-741-5970

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use	:	DEGREASER
Restrictions on use	:	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable aerosols	:	Category 1
Acute toxicity (Inhalation)	:	Category 4
Skin irritation	:	Category 2
Carcinogenicity	:	Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	:	Category 3 (Central nervous system)
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	:	Category 2 (Liver, thymus, Bone marrow)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol.
Causes skin irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs (Liver, thymus, Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Do not breathe dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapours/ spray.
Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage:

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store locked up.
Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/ 122 °F.

Disposal:

Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Hazardous components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Diesel fuel no. 2	68476-34-6	>= 70 - < 90

Kerosene	8008-20-6	>= 30 - < 50
Alkanes, C10-C20 branched and linear	928771-01-1	>= 1 - < 5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum)	64742-95-6	>= 1 - < 5
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	>= 1 - < 5
Naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 1 - < 5
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	>= 1 - < 5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.
Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Keep patient warm and at rest.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If on clothes, remove clothes.
Remove contaminated clothing. If irritation develops, get medical attention.
If on skin, rinse well with water.
Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.
If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If swallowed : Obtain medical attention.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed : Causes skin irritation.
Harmful if inhaled.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Inhalation or ingestion of high levels of this material (or a component) may cause a hemolytic reaction. Complications of acute intravascular hemolysis include anemia, leukocytosis, fever, hemoglobinuria, jaundice, renal insufficiency, and sometimes disturbances in liver function.
Fats, for example, baby oil on the skin or ingested oil, facilitate absorption of naphthalene.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Water spray Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical Alcohol-resistant foam
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during fire-fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Carbon oxides
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Product is compatible with standard fire-fighting agents.
Further information	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	:	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing dust. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapours can accumulate in low areas. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed.
Environmental precautions	:	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion	:	Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only explosion-proof equipment. Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material.

Advice on safe handling	:	Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Do not smoke. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. Container hazardous when empty. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. For personal protection see section 8.
Conditions for safe storage	:	BEWARE: Aerosol is pressurized. Keep away from direct sun exposure and temperatures over 50 °C. Do not open by force or throw into fire even after use. Do not spray on flames or red-hot objects. Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions. No smoking.
Further information on storage stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Diesel fuel no. 2	68476-34-6	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	100 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbons)	ACGIH
Kerosene	8008-20-6	TWA	100 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
		TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Solvent naphtha (petroleum)	64742-95-6	TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
		TWA	400 ppm 1,600 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5,000 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	30,000 ppm	ACGIH

		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10,000 ppm 18,000 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m3	OSHA P0
Naphthalene	91-20-3	TWA	10 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		ST	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	10 ppm 50 mg/m3	OSHA P0
		STEL	15 ppm 75 mg/m3	OSHA P0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	TWA	25 ppm 125 mg/m3	NIOSH REL
		TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	25 ppm 125 mg/m3	OSHA P0

Hazardous components without workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.
Alkanes, C10-C20 branched and linear	928771-01-1

Engineering measures : Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation to maintain exposure below exposure guidelines (if applicable) or below levels that cause known, suspected or apparent adverse effects.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of vapour formation use a respirator with an approved filter.
In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an approved filter.

Hand protection

Remarks : Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier). The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves. Discard gloves that show tears, pinholes, or signs of wear.

Eye protection : Not required under normal conditions of use. Wear splash-proof safety goggles if material could be misted or splashed into eyes.

Skin and body protection	:	Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place. Wear as appropriate: Impervious clothing Flame-resistant clothing Safety shoes
Hygiene measures	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not smoke. When using do not eat or drink.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	aerosol
Colour	:	red
Odour	:	hydrocarbon-like
Odour Threshold	:	not determined
pH	:	not determined
Melting point/freezing point	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	not determined
Flash point	:	22 °C
Evaporation rate	:	not determined
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Self-ignition	:	not determined
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	not determined
Vapour pressure	:	not determined
Relative vapour density	:	not determined
Density	:	not determined
Solubility(ies) Water solubility	:	not determined
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	not determined

Decomposition temperature	:	not determined
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	not determined
Viscosity, kinematic	:	not determined
Molecular weight	:	No data available
VOC % By Weight	:	< 6 %

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Chemical stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, flames and sparks.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidizing agents
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Carbon oxides

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation
Eye contact
Skin contact
Ingestion

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg Method: Calculation method
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Acute toxicity estimate: 3.88 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): 4.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 4,300 mg/kg Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute dermal toxicity tests.

Kerosene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.8 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute inhalation toxicity tests.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute dermal toxicity tests.

Alkanes, C10-C20 branched and linear:

Acute inhalation toxicity	:	Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after short term inhalation.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): 3,492 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Naphthalene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Mouse, male): 533 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 0.4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: vapour Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute inhalation toxicity tests.
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 2,500 mg/kg Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute dermal toxicity tests.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): 6 g/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): 10.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapour
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,440 mg/kg
Assessment: No adverse effect has been observed in acute dermal toxicity tests.
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Remarks: May cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Species: Rabbit
Method: OECD Test Guideline 404
Result: Irritating to skin.

Kerosene:

Result: Irritating to skin.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Result: Mild skin irritant

Carbon dioxide:

Assessment: No skin irritation
Result: No skin irritation

Naphthalene:

Result: Possibly irritating to skin

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Result: Irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Remarks: Vapours may cause irritation to the eyes, respiratory system and the skin.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Species: Rabbit
Result: Possibly irritating to eyes
Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

Kerosene:

Result: Possibly irritating to eyes

Carbon dioxide:

Result: No eye irritation

Naphthalene:

Result: Possibly irritating to eyes

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Result: Irritating to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Species: Guinea pig
Assessment: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Method: OECD Test Guideline 406

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species: Guinea pig
Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory animals.
Remarks: Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Test system: Salmonella typhimurium
Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation
Method: Mutagenicity (Salmonella typhimurium - reverse mutation assay)
Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test
Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Naphthalene:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in inhalation studies with animals.

IARC	Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
	Naphthalene	91-20-3
OSHA	No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.	
NTP	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen	
	Naphthalene	91-20-3

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

STOT - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Components:

Kerosene:

Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

Target Organs: Central nervous system
Assessment: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Exposure routes: Inhalation
Target Organs: Respiratory Tract
Assessment: May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (Liver, thymus, Bone marrow) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

Target Organs: Liver
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target Organs: thymus
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Target Organs: Bone marrow
Assessment: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Diesel fuel no. 2:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Kerosene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Alkanes, C10-C20 branched and linear:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum):

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Additional ecological information	:	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues	:	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable local, state and federal regulations.
Contaminated packaging	:	Empty remaining contents. Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers. Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Dangerous goods descriptions (if indicated below) may not reflect quantity, end-use, or region-specific exceptions that can be applied. Consult shipping documents for descriptions that are specific to the shipment.

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 1950
Proper shipping name	:	Aerosols, flammable
Class	:	2.1
Packing group	:	Not assigned by regulation
Labels	:	2.1
Packing instruction (cargo	:	203

aircraft)
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 203

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : AEROSOLS
Class : 2.1
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.1
EmS Code : F-D, S-U
Marine pollutant : no

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1950
Proper shipping name : Aerosols

Class : 2.1
Packing group : Not assigned by regulation
Labels : 2.1
ERG Code : 126
Marine pollutant : no

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	4310
Xylene	1330-20-7	100	100 (F003)
Benzene	71-43-2	10	10 (D018)

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)
Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
Skin corrosion or irritation
Carcinogenicity
Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Naphthalene	91-20-3	>= 1 - < 5 %
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	>= 1 - < 5 %

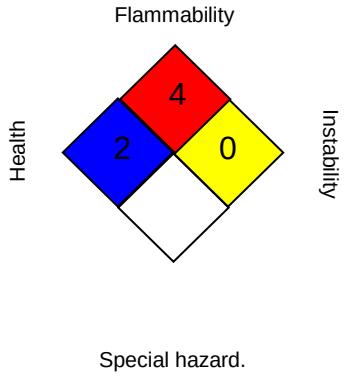
California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Naphthalene, Cumene, Benzene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Benzene, Methanol, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA:



Revision Date : 12/10/2019

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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